

**HAND BOOK OF MASTER GUIDE**

**Mehran  
Series**

# ENGLISH

## *Primer*

***For Class One***

**Written By**

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***SCIENCE PUBLICATION KARACHI***

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## INDEX

| <b>Sr.<br/>#</b> | <b>TOPICS</b>          | <b>Page<br/>#</b> |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| 1.               | Word Practice          | 5                 |
| 2.               | Vocabulary Building    | 7                 |
| 3.               | My Family              | 13                |
| 4.               | How to Clean Yourself? | 16                |
| 5.               | Students in Classroom  | 19                |
| 6.               | Preparation for School | 22                |
| 7.               | The Rose               | 25                |
| 8.               | Flowers                | 28                |
| 9.               | The Vegetable Seller   | 29                |
| 10.              | A Grand House          | 32                |
| 11.              | Fruit Shop             | 36                |
| 12.              | A Busy Child           | 39                |
| 13.              | Heaven on Earth        | 42                |
| 14.              | The Rain               | 45                |
| 15.              | Days of the Week       | 48                |
| 16.              | My Pakistan            | 51                |
| 17.              | MODEL PAPER            | 54                |

## **SYLLABUS**

**Syllabus for first term: First term consists on 4 lessons and following points:**

- Answers of questions.
- Fill in the blanks.
- Choose the correct option.
- Learn the spellings.
- Define Letter, word.

**Syllabus for second term: Second term consists on 4 lessons and following points:**

- Answers of questions.
- Fill in the blanks.
- Choose the correct option.
- Learn the spellings.
- Define Sentence, use of "this, that, these, those".

**Syllabus for third term: Third term consists on 4 lessons and following points:**

- Answers of questions.
- Fill in the blanks.
- Choose the correct option.
- Learn the spellings.
- Define Noun, Use of "He, She, Pronoun".



## Unit: 1

### Word Practice

Write the words correctly

Here is an example: cta cat.



sbu Bus



cta Cat



blla Ball



yee Eye



cudk Duck



naf Fan



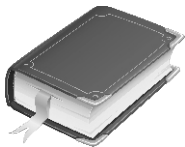
rofg Frog



blbu Bulb



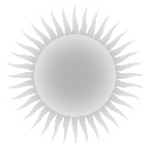
ogd Dog



obok Book



etba Table



uns Sun



wsna Swan



oinl Lion



eter Tree


run Urn

eswa Wase

chawt Watch

## Word Practice

(L) (a) (m) (p)

(o)



(c)

(k)

(J) (u) (g)

(u)



(I)

(c)

(e)



(R) (a) (t)

(i)



(n)

(g)



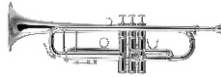
(H) (a) (t)

(o)



(r)

(n)



(P) (e) (a) (c) (h)

(l)



(a)

(t)

(e)



(N) (e) (s) (t)

(u)



(r)

(s)

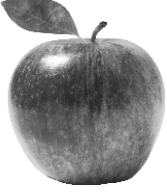
(e)



## Unit: 2

## Vocabulary Building

- Put the words into correct list.



Apple صوف



Bat بیت



Banana کیلو



Bed بسترو



Brinjal واڱڻ



Chair ڪرسي



Chick چوزو



Desk ٻئڻچ



Finger آڱر



مک Fly



هٿوڙو Hammer



دل Heart



ڪنجي، ڇاڪي Key



انڊ Mango



گوشت Meat



ڪير Milk



نڪ Nose



نارنگي Orange



پليت، ٿالهي Plate



Potato پتاتو



Sofa صوفو



Stool استول



Table ٽيبل



Tie ٽاءِ



Tiger چيتو



Wardrobe الماري

## Vocabulary Building

Look at the things below. Where do they belong?  
Put them in the correct list.

هنن شين کي ڏسو. اهي ڪنهن سان تعلق ٿيون رکن؟  
انهن کي ترتيب وار لسٽ ۾ لکو.



Gas Burner



Fry pan



Cooker



Tea pot



Mug



Cup



Jug



Glass



Bowl



Knife



Spoon



Fork



Tooth Brush



Bucket



Water Mug



Tap



Tub



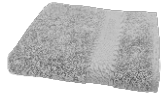
Shower



Soap



Hair oil



Towel



Comb



Hair Dryer



Hair Brush



Carpet



Bed



Sofa



Clock



Refrigerator



Television



Telephone



Lamp



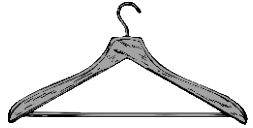
Tea set



Cutlery set



Cup



Hanger

**Sitting Room**

Bed  
Sofa  
Television  
Telephone

**Kitchen**

Gas Bruner  
Cooker  
Fry Pan  
Knife

**Bathroom**

Bucket  
Water Mug  
Soap  
Towel



## Unit: 3

## My Family

منهنجو خاندان میرا خاندان

My family is a heaven

In it we are five

I am a boy

My name is Ali

I live with Ammy

Abbu and my

Little sister also

We love one another all

منهنجو خاندان هڪ جنت آهي

جنهن ۾ اسان پنج رهن ٿا

مان هڪ چوڪرو آهيان

منهنجو نالو علي آهي

مان امي سان رهندو آهيان

ابو ۽ مان

ننڍري پيٽ پٽ

میرا خاندان ایک جنت ہے

جس میں ہم پانچ رہتے ہیں

میں ایک لڑکا ہوں

میرا نام علی ہے

میں امی کے ساتھ رہتا ہوں

ابو اور میں

چھوٹی بہن بھی

ہم ایک دوسرے سے بہت محبت کرتے ہیں اسان هڪ ٻئي سان گهڻي محبت ڪندا آهيون

I have a pet cat

Its name is Mano

Ammy gives me breakfast

Then, I go to school

Abbu takes me in the car

I and friends play in the park

Cat waits for my car

All the people in my family

take care of each other

مونكي هڪ پاليل ٻلي آهي

ان جو نالو مانو آهي

امي مونكي ناشتو ڏيندي آهي

پوءِ مان اسڪول ويندو آهيان

ابو مون کي ڪار ۾ کڻندو آهي

مان ۽ منهنجا دوست باغ ۾ کيڏندا آهيون

ٻلي منهنجي ڪار جو انتظار ڪندي آهي

سڀ ڀاتي منهنجي خاندان جا

هڪ ٻئي جو خيال رکندا آهيون.

مجھي ايڪ پالتو ٻلي هه

اس ڪا نام مانو هه

امي مجھي ناشتو ڏيتي هه

ٻهر مي اسڪول جاتا هو

ابو مجھي ڪار مي ٻڙھاتا هه

مي اور ميرے دوست باغ مي ڪھيلٽه هي

ٻلي ميري ڪار ڪا انتظار ڪرتي هه

سارے افراد ميرے خاندان ڪه

ايڪ دوسرے ڪا خيال رڪھتھ هي.

### Remember

There are 26 Letters (marks) in ENGLISH Alphabet.

### Exercise:

**Answer the following questions.**

1. What is the name of boy?

Ans: The name of boy is Ali.

2. Who gives breakfast to Ali?

Ans: Ammy gives breakfast to Ali.

3. Who takes him in the car?

Ans: Abbu takes him in the car.

4. How many people do live in the house?

Ans: Five people live in the house.

### Make the sentences.

my, seven, boy, live, sister.

**My:** My name is Ali.

**Seven:** We are seven family members.

**Boy:** I am a boy.

**Live:** I live with my Ammy and Abbu.

**Sister:** I have two sisters.

### Fill in the Blanks.

1. My family is a heaven.
2. I live with my Ammy and Abbu.
3. Ammy gives me breakfast.
4. Then, I go to School.
5. Cat waits for my car.

### Write the meaning of words.

|         |        |        |        |      |      |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|------|
| Mother  | امی    | ماء    | Cousin | کزن  | سوت  |
| Father  | ابو    | پيءُ   | Uncle  | طايه | چاچو |
| Parents | والدين | والدين | Friend | دوست | دوست |
| Brother | بھائی  | پاءُ   | Son    | پٽا  | پٽ   |

### Write the opposite worlds.

| Word   | Opposite | Word | Opposite |
|--------|----------|------|----------|
| Boy    | Girl     | Ammy | Abbu     |
| Sister | Brother  | One  | Many     |

He also regularly cuts his nails. After doing his homework, he cleans his study table too. His teacher tells him how to clean ourselves. She also tells that we should take a bath daily. We should keep our house and surroundings neat and clean. We should cut our nails once a week. Arif listens the advice of his teacher carefully.

یہ پابندی سے اپنے ناخن کاٹتا ہے۔ ہوم ورک کرنے کے بعد یہ اپنی پڑھائی والی ٹیبل کو صاف کرتا ہے۔ اس کا استاد اس کو بتاتا ہے کہ اپنے آپ کو صاف کیسے رکھا جائے۔ وہ یہ بھی ان کو سکھاتی ہے کہ ہمیں روزانہ نہانا چاہئے۔ ہمیں اپنے گھروں کو اور ارد گرد کے ماحول کو صاف شفاف رکھنا چاہئے۔ ہمیں ہفتہ میں ایک دفعہ ناخن کاٹنے چاہئے۔ عارف اپنے استادوں کی ہدایات بڑے غور سے سنتا ہے۔

هي پابنديء سان پڻ پنهنجا ننهن ڪٽيندو آهي. گھرو ڪم ڪرڻ کان پوءِ هي پنهنجي پڙهائيءَ واري ٽيبل کي پڻ صاف ڪندو آهي. هن جو استاد هن کي ٻڌائيندو آهي ته پنهنجو پاڻ کي صاف ڪيئن رکجي. هوءَ پڻ انهن کي سيڪاريندي آهي ته اسان کي روزانو تڙ ڪرڻ گھرجي. اسان کي پنهنجي گهرن ۽ ماحول کي صاف سٿرو رکڻ گھرجي. اسان کي هفتي ۾ هڪ دفعو ننهن ڪٽڻ گھرجن عارف پنهنجي استاد جون هدايتون غور سان ٻڌندو آهي.

## Exercise:

**Answer the following questions.**

1. Who is a tidy boy?

Ans: Arif is a tidy boy.

2. What does he do before eating meals?

Ans: He always washes his hands with soap and water before eating meals.

3. Who tells him that we should take bath daily?

Ans: His teacher tells him that we should take bath daily.

4. Does he cut the nails regularly?

Ans: Yes he cuts nails regularly.

## Fill in the Blanks.

1. Arif is a very tidy boy.

2. Everyday he gets up and makes his bed.

3. He also regularly cuts his nails.

4. Arif listens the advice of his teacher carefully.

**Write plurals of the following words.**

|      |              |       |              |
|------|--------------|-------|--------------|
| Boy  | <b>Boys</b>  | Tooth | <b>Teeth</b> |
| Meal | <b>Meals</b> | Hand  | <b>Hands</b> |

**Rearrange the sentences.**

- boy Arif a is very tidy.  
Arif is a very tidy boy.
- He regularly also cuts nails his  
He also cuts his nails regularly.
- daily bath a take should we  
We should take a bath dily.
- we hands should wash soap our with  
We should wash our hands with soap.

## Unit: 5

## Students in Classroom

کلاس میں طالب علم

کلاس پر شاگرد

Where are you Usman?

I am in my class room.

Where are you Saira?

I am also in class room.

Where are you Umar and Ali?

We are in the class room too.

Umar is cleaning the blackboard with duster.

Saira is arranging the chairs.

Ali is cleaning the paper basket.

Saira is putting covers on the table.

عثمان تم کہاں ہو؟

میں اپنے کلاس میں ہوں۔

سائرہ تم کہاں ہو؟

میں بھی کلاس میں ہوں۔

عمر اور علی آپ کہاں ہو؟

ہم بھی کلاس میں ہیں۔

عمر ڈسٹر سے بورڈ صاف کر رہا ہے۔

سائرہ کرسیاں سیدھی کر رہی ہے۔

علی کاغذ والی چھٹی صاف کر رہا ہے۔

سائرہ ٹیبل پہ پوش رکھ رہی ہے۔

عثمان تون کتی آہین؟

مان پنہنجی کلاس پر آہیان

سائرہ تون کتی آہین؟

مان به پڻ ڪلاس ۾ آهيان  
 عمر ۽ علي توهان ڪٿي آهيو؟  
 اسان به پڻ ڪلاس ۾ آهيون  
 عمر ڊسٽر سان بورڊ ڊاهي رهيو آهي  
 سائره ڪرسيون سڌيون ڪري رهي آهي  
 علي پنن واري چپي صاف ڪري رهيو آهي  
 سائره ٽيبل تي پوش چاڙهي رهي آهي.

## Exercise:

Answer the following questions.

1. Where are Usman and Saira?

Ans: Usman and saira are in class room.

2. Where are Umar and Ali?

Ans: Umar and Ali are in class room too.

3. What is Umar doing with a duster?

Ans: Umar is cleaning the black board with duster.

4. What is Saira doing with the chairs?

Ans: Saira is arranging the chairs.

Tick the correct options.

1. Siara is a\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) teacher

(b) student ✓

(c) principal

2. Ali is in \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) class room ✓

(b) home

(c) Office

3. Umar is cleaning the \_\_\_\_\_ with a duster.

(a) Chair

(b) Black board ✓

(c) Table

Write any six things, which you see at school.

Black board

Duster

Table

Desk

Chair

Chalk



### Fill in the Blank

1. Ali is cleaning the paper basket.
2. Saira is putting covers on the table.
3. I am in class room.
4. Saira is arranging the chairs.

### Write down the feminines of masculines.

| Masculine | Feminine      | Masculine | Feminine     |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| Father    | <u>Mother</u> | Man       | <u>Woman</u> |
| Brother   | <u>Sister</u> | Boy       | <u>Girl</u>  |

### Write (T) for true and (F) for false statements

1. Usman is in classroom. T
2. Saira is in office. F
3. Saira is arranging the chairs. T
4. Ali is cleaning the paper basket. T
5. Saira is putting covers on the chair. F

## Unit: 6

## Preparation for School

اسکول لاء تيار ٿيڻ اسڪول ڪي لاء تيار هونا

Zubair is a boy of five years old. He is in class one. It is six o'clock in the morning. He wakes up. He washes his face and brushes his teeth. He puts on his school uniform.

زبير پنج سال ڪا لڙڪا آهي. هي پھلي ڪلاس ۾ آهي. صبح ڪي چھ بجي ٿي. هي اٿڻا آهي. هي اپنا منہ دھو ٿا آهي. اور برش ڪر ٿا آهي. هي اسڪول ڪا يونيفارم پھنتا آهي.

زبير پنجن سالن جو چوڪرو آهي. هي پھرين ڪلاس ۾ آهي صبح جا چھ ٿيا آهن. هي اٿندو آهي. هي پنهنجو منهن ڌوئيندو آهي ۽ ڌنڌو ھڻندو آهي. هي اسڪول جي يونيفارم پائيندو آهي.

He combs his hair. When he is ready, he takes his breakfast. He waits for bus. The bus comes at 7:30 A.M. Here it comes. There are other children in the bus too. Zubair gets into the bus. The Bus leaves for school.

Allah Hafiz Mother.

Allah Hafiz Zubair.

هي پنهنجي وارن کي ڦٽي ڏيندو آهي. جڏهن هي تيار ٿي ويندو آهي. هي پنهنجو ناشتو ڪندو آهي. هي بس جو انتظار ڪندو آهي. بس صبح جو 7:30 بجي ايندي آهي. اجهو اها اچي ٿي ٻيا به شاگرد بس ۾ پڻ آهن. زبير بس ۾ چڙهي ٿو. بس اسڪول ڏانهن وڃي ٿي.

الله حافظ امان

الله حافظ زبير.

هي اپني بالون کي ڪنگھي ڪر ٿا آهي. جب هي تيار هوتا آهي تو هي ناشتہ ڪر ٿا آهي. هي بس ڪا انتظار ڪر ٿا آهي. بس صبح ڪي 7:30 بجي آتي آهي. اهي به آري آهي. دوسري طالب علم بهي بس ۾ آهي. زبير بس ۾ بيٺو آهي. بس اسڪول کي طرف روانہ هوتی آهي.

الله حافظ امی

الله حافظ زبير.

**Exercise:****Answer the following questions.**

1. What is the name of boy?

Ans: The name of boy is Zubair.

2. In which class does Zubair Study?

Ans: Zubair studies in one class.

3. At what time does bus come?

Ans: Bus comes at 7:30 am.

4. When does he wake up?

Ans: He wakes up at 6:00 o'clock in the morning.

**Fill in the blanks**

1. Zubair is a boy of five years old.

2. He is in class one.

3. He puts on his school uniform.

4. He waits for bus.

5. The bus, comes at 7:30 a.m.

**Make the sentence**

five, class, morning, face, teeth

**Five:** Zubair is a boy of five years old.

**Class:** He is in class one.

**Morning:** He wakes up at 6:00 o'clock in the morning.

**Face:** First he washes his face.

**Teeth:** He brushes his teeth daily.

**Tick the correct options.**

1. Zubair is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) a player

(b) boy ✓

(c) a girl

2. He is \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

(a) five ✓

(b) six (c) ten

3. He wakes up at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock.  
(a) four                      (b) five                      (c) six ✓
4. He puts on school \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) uniform ✓              (b) cap                      (c) coat
5. He goes to school on \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) foot                      (b) bus ✓                      (c) cycle

**Rearrange the sentences.**

1. boy is Zubair a  
Zubair is a boy.
2. one class is he in  
He is in class one.
3. up he wakes  
He wakes up.
4. washes he face his  
He washes his face.

## Unit: 7

## The Rose

## گلاب جو گل گلاب کا پھول

God created flowers. All flowers are beautiful. But, rose is the most beautiful. Its petals are soft. Its smell is sweet and healing. It is known as "The King of Flowers." It is found in different colours. They are pink, red, yellow, white and black. When people are happy, they manage a rose garland. When people are sick, it is used as medicine. Rose water is also sprinkled over persons in religious functions, such as Milad. Its petals are thrown upon the welcome the chief guests and leaders.

اللہ پاک نے پھول پیدا کیئے۔ سارے پھول خوبصورت ہیں۔ لیکن گلاب کا پھول سب سے زیادہ خوبصورت ہے۔ ان کی پنکھڑیاں نرم ہوتی ہیں۔ اس کی خوشبو میٹھی اور شفا یابی والی ہے۔ اس کو "پھولوں کا بادشاہ" کہا جاتا ہے اس کے مختلف رنگ ہوتے ہیں۔ اس میں گلابی لال، پیلا، سفید اور کالا ہیں۔ جب آدمی خوش ہوتے ہیں تو وہ پھولوں کے ہار بنواتے ہیں۔ جب آدمی بیمار ہوتے ہیں تو اس کو دوا کے طور پر استعمال کرتے ہیں۔ گلاب کا پانی مذہبی تہوار جیسے میلاد پر آدمیوں کے اوپر چھڑکایا جاتا ہے۔ اس کے پنکھڑیاں نچھاور کی جاتی ہیں اپنے خاص مہمانوں پر یا لیڈروں پر۔

اللہ گل پیدا کیا۔ سب گل خوبصورت آہن پر گلاب جو گل سینی کان وڈیک خوبصورت آہی ان جون پتیون نرم ٲیندیون آہن۔ ان جي خوشبو منڙي ۽ وٽنڊڙ آهي۔ ان کي ”گلن جو بادشاھ“ سڏيو ويندو آهي۔ اھيو مختلف رنگن ۾ ملندو آهي۔ انھن مان گلابي، ڳاڙھو، ڦڪو اڇو ۽ ڪارو آھن۔ جڏھن ماڻھن ۾ خوشي ايندي آهي ته اھي گلن جون ڪنڊيون ٺھرائيندا آھن۔ جڏھن ماڻھو بيمار ٿيندا آھن ته ان کي دوا طور تي استعمال ڪندا آھن۔ گلاب جي گل جو پاڻي مذھبي فنڪشنس جيئن ميلاد تي ماڻھن جي مٿان چڙڪايو ويندو آهي۔ ان جون پتيون چٽيون وينديون آھن۔ پنھنجن خاص مھمانن يا اڳواڻن تي۔

## Exercise:

**Answer the following questions.**

1. Who created flowers?

Ans: God created flowers.

2. Are there different colours of Rose?

Ans: Yes these are different colours of roses.

3. Who is the king of all flowers?

Ans: Rose is the king of flowers.

4. Why do we throw its petals to guests and leaders?

Ans: We throw its petals to guests and leaders to welcome them.

## Fill in the Blanks.

1. God created flowers.

2. Rose is the most beautiful.

3. It is found in different colours.

4. Its smell is sweet and healing.

5. It is known as "The King of flowers."

## Write (T) for true and (F) for false statements

1. God created flowers.

T

2. Some flowers are beautiful.

F

3. Rose is the most beautiful.

T

4. Its petal are hard.

F

5. It is as the king of plants.

T

## Tick the correct option.

1. Rose is the \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful.

(a) little (b) most ✓ (c) more

2. Its petals are \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) thick (b) hard (c) soft ✓

3. Its smell is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) normal (b) sweet ✓ (c) unpleasant

4. The king of flower is \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) lotus (b) lily (c) rose ✓

**Write the opposite words**

| <b>Word</b> | <b>Opposite</b> | <b>Word</b> | <b>Opposite</b> |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| All         | None            | Black       | White           |
| Soft        | Hard            | Beautiful   | Ugly            |

**Rearrange the sentences.**

- flowers God created  
God created flowers.
- beautiful are flowers all  
All flowers are beautiful.
- are soft petals it's  
Its petals are soft.
- the king of flowers as known it is  
It is known as the king of flowers.
- as medicine is used it  
It is used as medicine.

## Unit: 8

### Flowers



Blue Bells



Daffodil



Daisy



Jasmine



Lotus



Lily



Hibiscus



Sunflower



Marigold



## Unit: 9

## The Vegetable Seller

پاچیون وکٹنڈر سبزیاں بیچنے والا

The vegetable seller is very important person. He comes early in the morning. He brings vegetables on a cart. The cart has four wheels. He goes from one place to the other, selling vegetables. Mostly women buy vegetables from him. He is found in every street and on every road.

سبزیاں بیچنے والا ایک اہم آدمی ہوتا ہے یہ صبح سویرے آتا ہے۔ یہ ریڑھے پر سبزیاں لاتا ہے۔ اس ریڑھے کو چار پیسے ہوتے ہیں۔ یہ ایک جگہ سے دوسری جگہ پر سبزیاں بیچنے جاتا ہے، اکثر عورتیں اس سے سبزیاں خرید کرتی ہیں۔ یہ ہر گلی اور ہر روڈ پر ملتا ہے۔

پاچیون وکٹنڈر ہک تمام اہم ماٹھو ہوندو آھی صبح جو سویر ایندو آھی۔ ہی ریڑھی تی سبزیون آئیندو آھی۔ ان کی چار قیٹا ہوندا آھن۔ ہی ہک جگہ کان بی جگہ تائین سبزیون وکٹنڈو آھی۔ اکثر کری عورتون هن کان سبزیون خرید کنديون آھن ہی هر گھتی ۽ هر روڈ تي ملندو آھی۔

He brings fresh vegetables and cries for sale. He is welcomed by those who cannot go to market. He solves the problem what to cook today. He keeps every thing except fish, mutton, eggs, beef and chicken. He sells onions, tomatoes, potatoes, carrots, peas, cauliflower cabbage, radish and spinach. Vegetables make us healthy and strong.

یہ تازی سبزیاں لاتا ہے۔ اور بیچنے کیلئے آواز دیتا ہے۔ جو بندے مارکیٹ نہیں جاسکتے وہ ان سے سبزیاں خرید کرتے ہیں۔ یہ مسئلہ حل کرتا ہے کہ آج کیا پکائیں۔ اس کے پاس ہر چیز ہوتی ہے سواء مچھلی، گوشت، انڈا، بڑا گوشت اور مرغی۔ یہ پیاز، ٹماٹر پٹا، گاجر، مٹر، بند گوبی، گل گوبی، مولی اور پالک بیچتا ہے۔ سبزیاں ہمیں مضبوط اور صحت مند بناتی ہیں۔

هي تازيون سبزيون آئيندو آهي ۽ وڪڙ لاءِ هوڪا ڏيندو آهي.  
 جيڪي ماڻهو مارڪيٽ نه وڃي سگهندا آهن اهي هن کان سبزيون خريد ڪندا  
 آهن. هي مسئلو حل ڪندو آهي ته اڃا پڇائجي هن وٽ هر شيءِ هوندي آهي.  
 مڇي، گوشت، آنا، وڏو گوشت ۽ مرغی کانسواءِ هي بصر، تماٽر، پٽاٽا، گجران، مٽر،  
 بند گوبي، گل گوبي، موري ۽ پالڪ وڪڻندو آهي ڇاڇيون اسان کي مضبوط ۽  
 صحت مند بڻائينديون آهن.

## Exercise:

Answer the following questions.

1. Is the vegetable seller an important person?

Ans: Yes, the vegetable seller is an important person.

2. Does he come in the evening?

Ans: No, he comes in the morning.

3. What does he not sell?

Ans: He does not sell fish, mutton, eggs, beef and chicken.

4. Does he bring the fresh vegetables?

Ans: Yes he brings the fresh vegetables.

5. Where is he found selling vegetables?

Ans: He is found in every street and on every road.

## Fill in the Blanks.

1. The vegetable seller is very important person.

2. The cart has four wheels.

3. He comes early in the morning.

4. He brings vegetables on cart.

5. Mostly women buy vegetables from him.

## Tick the correct option.

1. The vegetable seller \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning.

(a) sleeps (b) comes ✓ (c) goes

2. He brings vegetables on a \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) cycle (b) van (c) cart ✓

3. \_\_\_\_\_ are red.

(a) tomatoes ✓ (b) peas (c) potatoes

4. Vegetables make us \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) weak (b) sick (c) healthy ✓
5. The cart has \_\_\_\_\_ wheels.  
 (a) four ✓ (b) five (c) two

**Write down the Feminine of Masculines.**

| Masculine | Feminine     | Masculine | Feminine      |
|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Man       | <u>Woman</u> | Sir       | <u>Madam</u>  |
| Boy       | <u>Girl</u>  | Brother   | <u>Sister</u> |

**Write (T) for true and (F) for false statements.**

- |   |          |
|---|----------|
| 1. The vegetable seller is very important person. | <u>T</u> |
| 2. He comes in the evening.                       | <u>F</u> |
| 3. He brings vegetables on a van.                 | <u>F</u> |
| 4. He does not go anywhere.                       | <u>F</u> |
| 5. Vegetables make us healthy and strong.         | <u>T</u> |

**Write the meaning of words.**

|            |          |          |          |       |          |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| Radish     | مولی     | موري     | Chilli   | مرچ   | ساوا مرچ |
| Carrot     | گاجر     | گجر      | Tomato   | ٹماٹر | تماتا    |
| Cabbage    | بند گوبی | بند گوبی | Potato   | پٹانا | پتاتا    |
| Peas       | مٹر      | متر      | Brinjal  | بینگن | واگن     |
| Garlic     | لہسن     | ٹوم      | Mushroom | کھنپی | کنپی     |
| Ladyfinger | بھنڈی    | پینڈی    | Turnip   | شاجر  | گوگٹو    |

**Match the columns:**

| Column A       | Column B        |
|----------------|-----------------|
| The cart has   | four wheels.    |
| He comes early | in the morning. |
| He is found in | every street.   |
| Mostly women   | buy vegetables. |

## Unit: 10

## A Grand House

هڪ وڏو گھر ايڪ بڙا گھر

I am Ayaz Ahmed and I live in Hyderabad. My uncle's house is in Karachi. It is very big. It has five rooms, a lounge and a gallery. It is made up of red bricks. It has a very big garden. There are many flower plants and fruit trees in the garden. We visit during vacations and enjoy much. We go for a walk in the evening with cousins.

میں ایاز احمد ہوں اور میں حیدر آباد میں رہتا ہوں۔ میرے طایا کا گھر کراچی میں ہے وہ بہت بڑا ہے۔ اس کو پانچ کمرے ایک بیٹھک اور ایک گنٹری ہے۔ یہ لال اینٹوں سے بنا ہوا ہے۔ اس کو ایک بڑا باغیچہ ہے۔ اس میں کتنے ہی پھول، پودے اور پھل دار درخت ہیں۔ ہم وٹکیشن میں جاتے ہیں اور لطف اندوز ہوتے ہیں۔ ہم شام کو کزن کے ساتھ کھومنے جاتے ہیں۔

مان ایاز احمد آهیان ۽ مان حیدرآباد ۾ رهندو آهیان. منهنجي چاچي جو گھر ڪراچي ۾ آهي. اهيو تمام وڏو آهي. ان کي پنج ڪمره هڪ انتظار گاهه ۽ هڪ گنٽري آهي. اهي ٻگاڙهين سرن جي ٺهيل آهي. ان کي هڪ وڏو باغیچو آهي باغ ۾ ڪيترائي گل، ٻوٽا ۽ میون جا وڻ آهن. اسان وٽکیشن ۾ ویندا آهیون ۽ گھڻو لطف اندوز ٿیندا آهیون. اسین شام جو سوٽن سنا گڏجي گھمڻ ویندا آهیون.

We spend memorable time with cousins, aunt and uncle. I wish to have similar home of my own to enjoy with them too.

ہم یادگار ٽائیم اپنے کزن، انکل اور آئی کے ساتھ گذارتے ہیں، میں تمنا کرتا ہوں کہ ایسا گھر مجھے بھی اپنا ہو۔ اس میں مزہ کرنے کیلئے۔

اسين يادگار تائيم پنهنجي سؤتن چاچي ۽ چاچيءَ سان گذاريندا

آهيون. مان تمنا تو ڪريان ته جيڪر اهڙو گهر منهنجو به هجي ها لطف اندوز ٿيڻ

لاءِ.

## Exercise:

### Answer the following questions

1. Where does Ayaz Ahmed live?

Ans: Ayaz Ahmed lives in Hyderabad.

2. Where does his uncle's house?

Ans: His uncle's house is in Karachi.

3. How many rooms are there in his uncle's house?

Ans: There are five rooms in his uncle's house.

4. Are there mango trees in the garden?

Ans: Yes, there are many kinds of fruit trees in the garden.

5. When does Ayaz Ahmed visit his uncle's house?

Ans: Ayaz Ahmed visits his uncle's house during vacations.

### Fill in the Blanks.

1. My uncle's house is in Karachi.

2. It has five rooms.

3. We visit during vacations and enjoy much.

4. We go to a walk in the evening with cousins.

5. It is made up of red bricks.

### Rearrange the sentences.

1. Ahmed I am Ayaz

I am Ayaz Ahmed.

2. Hyderabad live I in

I live in Hyderabad.

3. big very is it

It is very big.

4. rooms has it five  
It has five rooms.
5. plants flower are many there  
There are many flowers plants.

**Tick the correct option.**

1. My uncle's house is in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Lahore (b) Karachi ✓ (c) Hyderabad
2. It is made up of \_\_\_\_\_ bricks.  
(a) white (b) black (c) red ✓
3. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ garden in the house.  
(a) small (b) big ✓ (c) short
4. We go for a walk in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) morning (b) evening ✓ (c) night
5. There are many flower  
(a) trees (b) plants ✓ (c) seed

**Write the meanings of words.**

|           |              |              |            |            |             |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| Balcony   | ڪٽيڙا        | ڪٽهڙو        | Compound   | چوديواري   | ٻاهرين ڀت   |
| Bathroom  | غسل خانو     | غسل خانو     | Roof       | چھت        | چت          |
| Bedroom   | سوني ڪا ڪمره | آرام جي جاءِ | Orchard    | پھل ڪا باغ | ميون جو باغ |
| Brick     | ايٺ          | سر           | House      | گھر        | گھر         |
| Courtyard | صحن          | آڱھن         | Kitchen    | بورچي خانو | رندڙو       |
| Cupboard  | الماري       | الماري       | Ladder     | سيڙھي      | ڏاڪڻ        |
| Drain     | نالي         | نالي         | Foundation | بنياد      | بنياد       |
| Bungalow  | بنگلو        | بنگلو        |            |            |             |

**Make the sentences.**

rooms, enjoy, home, similar, cousin.

**Rooms:** There are five rooms.

**Enjoy:** We visit during vacation and enjoy much.

**Home:** I wish to have similar home of my own.

**Similar:** I wish to have similar home.

**Cousin:** We spend memorable time with cousins.

## Unit: 11

## Fruit Shop

## میون جو دوکان پھل کا دوکان

The fruit shops are commonly found in the living areas on every road. There is a big fruit shop near my house. The shop has all kinds of fruit. All the fruits are kept in straw baskets. There are grapes, apples, bananas, oranges, peaches and mangoes.

پھلوں کا دوکان عام طور پر ہمیں رہائشی علاقوں کے ہر روڈ پر ملے گا۔ میرے گھر کے نزدیک ایک بڑا پھل کا دوکان ہے۔ دوکان میں ہر قسم کے پھل موجود ہیں۔ سارے پھل پلاں کی ٹوکری میں رکھے ہیں۔ جس میں انگور، سیب، کیلا، مالٹے، آڑو اور آم ہیں۔

میون جو دوکان عام طور تي اسان کي رهائشي علائقن جي هر روڊ تي ملندو. منهنجي گهر جي ڀرسان هڪ وڏو ميون جو دوکان آهي. دوکان ۾ هر قسم جا ميوا موجود آهن. سڀ ميوا پلال جي ڇپن ۾ رکيل هوندا آهن. اهي آهن. انگور، صوف، کیلا، نارنگيون، آڑو ۽ انب.

Fruit comes from all over the country to Karachi. Fruit is very important part of our food. It is healing for the sick and a joy to eat for the healthy. Every season has its own charming fruits. Similarly at different places grow different fruits. But we get every fruit from one shop. I go with my father to buy fruit from fruit shop.

کراچی میں پھل سارے ملک سے آتا ہے۔ پھل ہمارے کھانے کا ایک اہم حصہ ہے۔ یہ بیماروں کو صحت دیتا ہے اور اسے کھانے سے صحت ملتی ہے۔ ہر موسم کا پھل اپنا اپنا ہوتا ہے۔ اس طرح مختلف جگہوں پر مختلف پھل ہوتے ہیں لیکن ہم ہر پھل ایک ہی دوکان سے خریدتے ہیں۔ میں اپنے ابو کے ساتھ پھل کے دوکان سے پھل خریدنے جاتا ہوں۔

کراچی ۾ میوو سڄي ملڪ مان ايندو آهي. میوو اسانجي کاڌي جو هڪ اهم حصو آهي. اھيو صحت ڏئي ٿو بيمارن کي ۽ کائن سان صحت ملي ٿي. هر موسم جو هر میوو پنهنجو هوندو آهي. ساڳئي نموني سان مختلف جاين تي



مختلف قسم جا ميوا پيدا ٿين ٿا. پر اسان هر ميوو هڪ ئي دوڪان تان خريد ڪريون ٿا. مان پنهنجي پيءُ سان ميوي جي دوڪان تان فروت خريد ڪرڻ ويندو آهيان.

## Exercise:

**Answer the following questions.**

1. Where do we find the fruit shops?

Ans: We find the fruit shops near living areas.

2. What fruits do we get from a fruit shop?

Ans: All kind of fruits we get from a fruit shop.

3. Where from does fruit come to the Karachi?

Ans: Fruit comes from all over the country to Karachi.

4. Is fruit necessary for our health?

Ans: Yes, fruit is necessary for our health.

## Fill in the Blanks.

1. There is a big fruit shop near my house.

2. All the fruits are kept in straw basket.

3. There are grapes, apples, bananas, oranges, peaches and mangos.

## Make the sentences.

fruit, grow, country, important, season

**Fruit:** The fruit shops are commonly found in the living areas.

**Grow:** At different places grow different fruits.

**Country:** Fruit comes from all over the country.

**Important:** Fruit is very important part of our food.

**Season:** Every season has its own charming fruits.

## Tick the correct option.

1. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ fruit shop near my house.

(a) small (b) big ✓ (c) old

2. All the fruits are kept in \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) packets (b) crates (c) straw baskets ✓

3. Fruit come from all over the country to

(a) Karachi ✓ (b) Lahore (c) Quetta

**Write the meaning of words.**

|         |       |       |        |         |        |
|---------|-------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| Apple   | سیب   | صوف   | Melon  | خر بوزہ | گدرو   |
| Banana  | کیلا  | کیلا  | Orange | مالٹا   | نارنگی |
| Date    | کھجور | کارک  | Grapes | انگور   | انگور  |
| Coconut | ناریل | ڈونگی | Pears  | ناپسی   | ناسپتی |
| Mango   | آم    | انب   | Almond | بادام   | بادام  |

**Write the opposite words:**

| Word | Opposite | Word | Opposite |
|------|----------|------|----------|
| Big  | Small    | Sick | Healthy  |
| Near | Far      | Eat  | Drink    |

## Unit: 12

## A Busy Child

هڪ مصروف ڇوڪرو      اڪي مصروف لڙڪا

I am a busy child;  
I laugh all day long,

میں اڪي مصروف لڙڪا هوں

میں سارا دن ہنستا رہتا ہوں۔

مان هڪ مصروف ٻار آهيان

مان سڄو ڏينهن کلندو آهيان

And Home work carries on  
I play under a green tree,

اور گهر ڪا ڪام ڪرتا هوں

میں هرے درختوں کے نیچے کھیلتا ہوں

۽ گهر و ڪم ڪندو آهيان

مان ساون وڻن هيٺيان ڪيڏندو آهيان

It protects from the sun light,  
And under it I often sit,

يہ سورج کی روشنی سے بچاتا ہے

اور اس کے نیچے میں اکثر بیٹھتا ہوں

اهيو سڄ جي اس کان بچائي ٿو

۽ هن جي هيٺيان مان اڪثر ويهندو آهيان

When all my play is done,  
I return happily to the home.

(A. Sattar Shaikh)

جب سارے ڪام ميرے پورے هوتے هيں

میں خوشي سے گهر واپس لوٽتا هوں

جڏهن سڀ منهنجا ڪم پورا ٿي چڪا هوندا آهن

مان خوشيءَ سان گهر واپس موٽندو آهيان.

**Exercise:****Answer the following questions.**

1. Where does child sit?

Ans: Child sits under green tree.

2. How does he return home?

Ans: He returns home happily.

3. Where does child play?

Ans: Child plays under a green tree.

4. Who is the writer of this poem?

Ans: Mr. A. Sattar Shaikh is the writer of this poem.

**Tick the correct option.**

1. The sun gives us\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) cold (b) rain (c) heat ✓

2. I laugh all \_\_\_\_\_ long.

(a) day ✓ (b) night (c) evening

3. The tree is\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) blue (b) green ✓ (c) red

4. And under it I often\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) sit ✓ (b) stand (c) lie

5. I laugh and \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) sleep (b) weep (c) play ✓

**Fill in the Blanks.**1. I am a busy child2. I laugh all day long.3. I play under a green tree.4. It protects from the sun light5. I return happily to the home.**Rearrange the sentences.**

1. child a , am I busy

I am a busy child.

2. day I long all laugh

I laugh all day long.

3. carry on work home and  
And home work carry on.
4. green tree a under play I  
I play under a green tree.
5. under it and sit often I  
And under it I often sit.

**Make the sentences.**

busy, under, green, sun, often.

**Busy:** I am a busy child.

**Under:** I play under a green tree.

**Green:** trees are green.

**Sun:** It protects from the sun light.

**Often:** And under it I often sit.

## Unit: 13

## Heaven on Earth

## ڌرتيءَ تي جنت زمين پر جنت

A mother is the dearest and the most praise worthy lady. She is always kind, loving and hard working.

ايڪ مان بهت پياري اور قابل عزت عورت هوتی ہے۔ يہ هميشہ مهربان، پيار ڪرڻ والي اور سخت محنت ڪرڻ والي هوتی ہے۔

هڪ ماءُ تمام پياري ۽ قابل عزت عورت هوندي آهي. هوءَ هميشہ مهربان، پيار ڪندڙ ۽ سخت محنت ڪندڙ هوندي آهي.

She is like a beautiful rainbow in the sky. She is very fair with long, black hair.

يہ آسمان میں قوس و قزح کے رنگوں کی طرح خوبصورت هوتی ہے۔ وه تمام عمدہ کالے لمبے بالوں والي هوتی ہے۔

هوءَ آسمان ۾ انڊلٽ وانگر خوبصورت هوندي آهي. هوءَ تمام عمدي ڊگهن ڪارن وارن سان هوندي آهي.

She cooks delicious dishes of chicken, mutton and fish. She nourishes in the day and wakes in the night for her children. She is symbol of sacrifice. The Holy Prophet declared that Heaven lies underneath the feet of mother. My mother is the best mother in the world.

وه مزيدار ڪهانه تيار ڪرتي هہ مرغی چھوٽا گوشت اور مچھلی میں۔ وه دن کو پرورش ڪرتي هہ اور رات کو بچوں کيلئے جاگتي هہ۔ وه قرباني کي علامت هہ۔ نبی اکرم صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم نے واضح فرمایا کہ "جنت ماں کے قدموں کے نیچے هہ۔" میری مان دنیا کي سب ماؤں میں سے اچھی مان هہ۔

هوءَ مزيدار کاڌا تيار ڪندي آهي مرغی، ننڍي گوشت ۾ مچھلی مان. هوءَ ڏينهن جو پاليندي (پرورش) ڪندي آهي ۽ رات جو پنهنجي ٻارن لاءِ جاڳندي آهي. هوءَ قربانيءَ جي علامت آهي. نبی ڪريم صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم جن واضح

فرمايو آهي ته ”جنت ماءَ جي پيرن هيٺان آهي.“ منهنجي ماءُ دنيا جي سڀني مائڻ مان ڀلي ڀري ڀلي آهي.

## Exercise:

### Answer the following questions.

1. What does the mother look like?

Ans: Mother looks like a beautiful rainbow in the sky.

2. Is she very kind?

Ans: Yes, she is very kind, loving and hard working.

3. What can she cook?

Ans: She can cook delicious dishes of chicken, mutton and fish.

4. Is she very active?

Ans: Yes, she is very active and alert.

### Fill in the Blanks.

1. She is like a beautiful rainbow in the sky.
2. She is very fair with a clever mind.
3. She is symbol of sacrifices.
4. She is always kind, loving and hard working.

### Write (T) for true and (F) for false statements

1. Mother is the dearest.
2. She is careless to children.
3. She is like a beautiful rainbow.
4. She is symbol of sacrifice.
5. Heaven lies underneath the feet of mother.

T  
F  
T  
T  
T

### Tick the correct option.

1. My mother is very \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) kind ✓ (b) cruel (c) happy
2. She is like a \_\_\_\_\_ in the sky.  
(a) sun (b) moon (c) rainbow ✓
3. She has long and \_\_\_\_\_ hair.  
(a) black ✓ (b) brown (c) white

**Change the number of the followings:**

| Singulars | Plurals  | Singulars | Plurals |
|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Lady      | Ladies   | Dish      | Dishes  |
| Rainbow   | Rainbows | Day       | Days    |

**Make the sentences.**

mother, always, kind, beautiful, sky.

**Mother:** A mother is dearest one.

**Always:** She is always kind, loving and hard working.

**Kind:** Her kind and gentle ways are praise worthy.

**Beautiful:** She is beautiful gift of Allah.

**Sky:** She is like a beautiful rainbow in the sky.



## Unit: 14

## The Rain

مینھن برسات

The rain is a great blessing From Allah. The dark clouds gather on the sky and the drops of water start falling on the plain. The rain has no colour. It falls in every season. It is a source of pleasure for farmers and landlords and good for crops. It makes the weather pleasant. It brings prosperity.

برسات اللہ تعالیٰ کی طرف سے ایک نعمت ہے۔ کالے بادل آسمان پر اکٹھے ہوتے ہیں اور پانی کے قطرے زمین پر گرنا شروع ہو جاتے ہیں۔ برسات کا کوئی رنگ نہیں ہوتا۔ یہ ہر موسم میں برستا ہے۔ یہ کاشتکار اور زمیندار کے لیے خوشی کا باعث ہے اور فصل کے لیے بھی۔ موسم خوشگوار ہو جاتا ہے۔ یہ خوشحالی لاتی ہے۔

مینھن اللہ پاک جی طرفان ہک نعمت آھی۔ کارا ککر آسمان تی گڈجن تا ۽ پاڻی جا قترا زمین تی کرط شروع تی وچن تا۔ مینھن کی کو بہ رنگ نہ آھی۔ اھیو ہر موسم ۾ وسندو آھی۔ اھیو کڑمین ۽ زمیندار لاء خوشی جو باعث آھی ۽ فصل لاء پٹ۔ موسم خوشگوار تی ویندی آھی۔ اھیو خوشحالی آئیندی آھی۔

Dams, rivers and canals are filled with water. The children enjoy but sometimes it makes them sick.

ڈم، ندی اور نالے پانی سے بھر جاتے ہیں۔ بچے برسات میں لطف اندوز ہوتے ہیں اور کبھی کبھی یہ انکو بیمار بھی کرتا ہے۔

ڈئمون، ندیوں ۽ واہہ پاڻی سان یرجی ویندا آھن۔ ٲار لطف اندوز ٲیندا آھن ٲر کڈھن کڈھن اھیوانھن کی بیمار کندو آھی۔

Heavy rainfall spoils the system of life when it cause floods destroys houses, buildings, transport and communication. Generally the rain is welcomed.

بڑی برسات زندگی کا سسٹم بگاڑ کر رکھتی ہے جب یہ سیلاب کا سبب بن جاتا ہے یہ گھر، عمارتیں، ٹرانسپورٹ اور ٹیلیفون کا نظام تباہ کر دیتا ہے۔ عام طور پر برسات کو خوش آمدید کیا جاتا ہے۔

وڏي برسات زندگيءَ جو واپو منڊل بگاڙي ڇڏي ٿي جڏهن اها ٻوڏ جي صورتحال ٿئي ٿي. جيڪا گهر، عمارتون، ترانسپورٽ ۽ ٽيليفون جي نظام کي تباھ ڪري ٿي ڇڏي. عام طور تي مينهن کي پليڪار ڪيو ويندو آهي.

## Exercise:

### Answer the following questions

1. How does the rain fall?

Ans: The rain falls when dark clouds gather on the sky.

2. What are its uses?

Ans: It is used to irrigate the crop, and for drinking.

3. How do children feel?

Ans: Children enjoy the rainy season and fell pleasure.

4. In which season does it fall?

Ans: In every season it falls.

5. What is the colour of rain?

Ans: The rain has no colour.

OR The colour of rain is transparent.

### Fill in the Blanks.

1. The rain is a great blessing from Allah.

2. The dark clouds gather on the sky.

3. The children enjoy rainfall.

4. Dams, rivers and canals are filled with water.

### Tick the correct option.

1. The rain has no \_\_\_\_\_.

(a) colour ✓

(b) shape

(c) ice

2. The \_\_\_\_\_ clouds gather on the sky.

(a) white

(b) brown

(c) dark ✓

3. The \_\_\_\_\_ enjoy rainfall.  
 (a) men (b) women (c) children ✓
4. It falls in \_\_\_\_\_ season.  
 (a) autumn (b) every ✓ (c) summer

**Write meaning of the words.**

|        |           |         |         |               |               |
|--------|-----------|---------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Spring | بهار      | بهار    | Storm   | طوفان         | طوفان         |
| Autumn | خزا       | سرء     | Hails   | ثالا باری     | مینهن جو ٻڳڙو |
| Summer | موسم گرما | اونهارو | Thunder | جڳوڙ          | جڳوڙ          |
| Winter | موسم سرما | سیارو   | Gale    | هوا کا جهونکا | هوا جو جهوتو  |
| Cloud  | بادل      | جهڙ     | Rain    | برسات         | برسات         |

## Unit: 15

## Days of the Week

هفتي جا ڏينهن هفتے کے دن

Seven days are in a week  
Its knowledge you should seek

هفتے میں سات دن ہوتے ہیں  
ان کی نالیچ آپ کو ہونی چاہئے  
هفتي ۾ ست ڏينهن ٿيندا آهن  
انهن جي ڄاڻ اوھان کي هجڻ کپي

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday  
We go to school every day

پير، منگل، بدھ  
هم روزانه اسڪول جاتے ہیں  
سومر، اڱارو، اربع  
اسان روزانو اسڪو ويندا آھيون

Thursday, Friday, Saturday,  
After studying for six days

جمعرات، جمعہ، ہفتہ  
چھ دن کے پڙھنے کے بعد  
خميس، جمعو، چنڇر  
ڇھن ڏينهن جي پڙهڻ کانپوءِ

Sunday is a holiday,  
It is for rest and play. (A. Sattar Shaikh)

اتوار چھڻي کا دن ہے  
یہ آرام اور کھیلنے کیلئے ہے۔  
آچر موڪل جو ڏينهن آھي  
اھيو آھي آرام ۽ کيڏڻ لاءِ.

## Exercise:

**Answer the following questions.**

1. How many days are there in a week?

Ans: There are seven days in a week.

2. What comes after Monday?

Ans: Tuesday comes after Monday.

3. What comes before Sunday?

Ans: Saturday comes before Sunday.

4. Which day is between Tuesday and Thursday?

Ans: Wednesday is between Tuesday and Thursday.

## Fill in the Blanks.

1. Seven days are in a week.

2. Its knowledge you should seek.

3. Sunday is a holiday.

4. It is for rest and play.

## Rearrange the sentences.

1. week a in seven days are  
Seven days are in a week.

2. to school go we day every  
Every day we go to school.

3. for days six studying after  
After studying for six days.

4. a is holiday Sunday  
Sunday is a holiday.

5. and rest ply for it is  
It is for rest and play.

## Write the opposite words:

| Word  | Opposite    | Word  | Opposite      |
|-------|-------------|-------|---------------|
| Go    | <u>Come</u> | Play  | <u>Idle</u>   |
| Night | <u>Day</u>  | After | <u>Before</u> |

**Match the names of day with sindhi urdu names.**

|           |        |       |
|-----------|--------|-------|
| Monday    | اتوار  | آچر   |
| Tuesday   | هفته   | ڇنڇر  |
| Wednesday | جمعہ   | جمعو  |
| Thursday  | جمعرات | خميس  |
| Friday    | بُده   | اربع  |
| Saturday  | منگل   | اڱارو |
| Sunday    | پير    | سومر  |

**Make the sentences.**

week, go, school, day, rest

**Week:** There are seven days in a week.

**Go:** We go to school every day.

**School:** The name of my school is.

**Day:** To day is Monday.

**Rest:** It is for rest and play.

**Write any five names of days.**

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday

## Unit: 16

## My Pakistan

## منهنجو پاڪستان      ميراپاڪستان

The name of my beloved country is the Islamic Republic of Pakistan. Its capital is Islamabad. It came into being on 14th August, 1947. The Muslims of sub-continent wanted a separate home- land for them.

ميرے پيارے ملک کا نام اسلامی جمہوریہ پاکستان ہے۔ اس کا دارالحکومت اسلام آباد ہے۔ یہ 14 آگسٹ 1947ء کو معروض وجود میں آیا۔ برصغیر کے مسلمانوں نے اپنے لیے علیحدہ وطن کا مطالبہ کیا۔

منهنجي پياري ملڪ جو نالو اسلامي جمهوريہ پاڪستان آهي. ان جي گاديءَ جو هنڌ اسلام آباد آهي. اھيو 14 آگسٽ 1947ع تي وجود ۾ آيو. برصغير جي مسلمانن پنهنجي عليحدہ وطن جي گھر ڪئي.

Allama Muhammad Iqbal had dreamt it and Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah struggled for it and got Pakistan for us. So he is called founder of Pakistan. There are four provinces in Pakistan Sindh, Punjab, KPK and Balochistan. Pakistan's national flag has green and white colour with crescent and star in the centre. Shah Faisal Mosque of Islamabad is the biggest mosque in Pakistan. The big cities in Pakistan are Karachi, Lahore, Quetta, Peshawar, Faisalabad, Multan, Hyderabad, and Sukkur. Pakistan is also a Nuclear Power.

علامہ اقبالؒ نے اس کا خواب دیکھا اور قائد اعظم محمد علی جناحؒ نے اس کے لیے جدوجہد کی اور ہمارے لیے پاکستان حاصل کیا۔ اس لیے اس کو پاکستان کا بانی کہا جاتا ہے۔ پاکستان کے چار صوبے ہیں سندھ، پنجاب، کے پی کے اور بلوچستان، پاکستان کے قومی پرچم کا رنگ ہر اور سفید ہے جس کے وسط میں چاند اور ستارہ ہے۔ شاہ فیصل مسجد اسلام آباد والی پاکستان کی سب سے بڑی مسجد ہے۔ پاکستان کے بڑے شہر کراچی، لاہور، کوئٹہ،

پشاور، فيصل آباد، ملتان، حيدرآباد، اور سڪھر ۾۔ پاڪستان ايڪ جوهرى طاقت رکنءِ والا ملڪ ۽۔

علامه اقبال ؒ ان جو خواب ڏٺو ۽ قائد اعظم محمد علي جناح ؒ ان لاءِ جدوجهد ڪئي ۽ اسان لاءِ پاڪستان ورتو. تنهنڪري هن کي پاڪستان جو باني چيو ويندو آهي. پاڪستان کي چار صوبا آهن. سنڌ، پنجاب، کي ٻي کي ۽ بلوچستان. پاڪستان جي قومي جهنڊي جو سائو ۽ اچورنگ آهي. جنهن جي وچ ۾ چنڊ ۽ ستارو آهي. شاهه فيصل مسجد اسلام آباد واري پاڪستان جي وڏي ۾ وڏي مسجد آهي. پاڪستان جا وڏا شهر ڪراچي، لاهور، ڪوئيٽه، پشاور، فيصل آباد، ملتان، حيدرآباد ۽ سڪر آهن. پاڪستان هڪ جوهرى طاقت (اتمي طاقت) رکندڙ ملڪ آهي.

## Exercise:

Answer the following questions.

1. What is the name of your country?

Ans: The name of my country is Pakistan.

2. When did it come into being?

Ans: It came in to being on 14<sup>th</sup> of August 1947.

3. Who is the founder of Pakistan?

Ans: Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah is the founder of Pakistan.

4. What is the colour of the flag?

Ans: The colour of the flag is green and white with crescent and star in the center.

5. What is the capital of Pakistan?

Ans: Islamabad is the capital of Pakistan.

## Fill in the Blanks.

1. It came into being on 14th August 1947.

2. Quaid-e-Azam is the founder of Pakistan.

3. There are four provinces in Pakistan.

4. Paksitan's national flag has green and white colours.



**Tick the correct option.**

1. The name of my beloved country is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) China (b) Afghanistan (c) Pakistan ✓
2. Pakistan came into being on 14th, \_\_\_\_\_ 1947.  
 (a) January (b) August ✓ (c) March
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is the founder of Pakistan.  
 (a) Quaid-e-Azam ✓ (b) Allama Iqbal  
 (c) Fatima Jinnah

**Make the sentences.**

country, founder, flag, colour, mosque.

**Country:** The name of our country is Pakistan.

**Founder:** Quaid-e-Azam is the founder of Pakistan.

**Flag:** The colour of flag is green and white.

**Colour:** Pakistan's national flag has green and white colour.

**Mosque:** Shah Faisal mosque is in Islamabad.

**Model Paper for First Term****Q1: Answer the following questions.**

1. What is the name of boy?
2. Who takes him in the car?
3. Where are Usman and Saira?
4. In which class does Zubair study?
5. Who created flowers?

**Q2: Fill in the blanks**

1. My\_\_\_\_\_is a heaven .
2. Then, I go to\_\_\_\_\_.
3. Saira is arranging the
4. He\_\_\_\_\_for bus.
5. Zubair is

**Q3: Choose the correct option.**

1. Ali is in\_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) class room                      (b) home                      (c) office
2. Saira is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) teacher                      (b) student                      (c) principal
3. Its petals are \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) thick                      (b) hard                      (c) soft

**Q4: Write any five names of relations.****Q5: What is a word.**

**Model Paper for Second Term****Q1: Answer the following questions.**

1. Does he bring the fresh vegetables?
2. Where does Ayaz Ahmed live?
3. Where does his uncle's house?
4. Is fruit necessary for our health?
5. Where does child sit?

**Q.2 Fill in the blanks**

1. The cart has \_\_\_\_\_ wheels.
2. It has \_\_\_\_\_ rooms.
3. All the fruits are kept in \_\_\_\_\_.
4. There is a big fruit shop I am a busy\_\_\_\_\_.

**Q.3 Choose the correct option.**

1. He brings vegetables on a \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) cycle (b) van (c) cart
2. It is made up of \_\_\_\_\_ bricks.  
(a) white (b) black (c) red
3. The sun gives us \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) cold (b) rain (c) heat

**Q.4 Write any five names of vegetables.****Q.5 What is a sentence.**

**Model Paper for Final Term****Q.1 Answer the following questions.**

1. What does the mother look like?
2. What can she cook?
3. How does the rain fall?
4. How do children feel.
5. How many days are there in a week?

**Q.2 Fill in the blanks**

1. She is like a beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ in the sky.
2. She is symbol of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The rain is a \_\_\_\_\_ blessing from Allah.
4. The dark \_\_\_\_\_ gather on the sky.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ is a holiday.

**Q3. Choose the correct option.**

1. My mother is very \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) kind                      (b) cruel                      (c) happy
2. The rain has no \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) colour                      (b) shape                      (c) ice
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ enjoy rain full.  
(a) Men                      (b) women                      (c) children

**Q4: Write any four names of seasons.****Q5: White is noun.**